

Department of Planning & Zoning Staff Report – Map Amendment Case No. 2024-16-R

APPLICATION INFORMATION

Submittal Date: 8/6/2024

Applicant / Property Owner

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Request

Change of zoning:

- Current O-L, Open Land District
- <u>Proposed</u> R-1A, Single Family Residential Detached Conventional Homes— Medium density

SITE INFORMATION

Location

Tract 1 and 2, Flaggville Subdivision; 201 Joe Louis Lane, Hahnville

• **Size:** 2.224 acres

Current Use: manufactured home (Permit No. 19442-06)

Surrounding Zoning

C-1 and R-1A are located to the Joe Louis Lane (River Road) side; O-L is adjacent to the Lee Lane (downriver) side; R-1A is adjacent to the Courthouse Lane side and rear.

Surrounding Uses

The site is located in an area of Hahnville developed primarily with St. Charles Parish government facilities and single-family homes. Large undeveloped portions of land are also prominent in the area. Specifically, single family homes are located across Joe Louis Lane and the former Fashion Golf Club is adjacent to the Courthouse Lane side and rear.

Zoning History

The O-L district was established in 1981.

Future Land Use Recommendation

Low-to-Moderate Residential – Single-family detached dwellings; attached dwellings such as duplexes, patio/zero-lot line homes and townhomes; and accessory units. Neighborhood retail, services, offices and institutions are also permitted in appropriate locations such as along transportation corridors or at intersections. (over six dwellings per acre)

Recommended Zoning Districts: R-1A (6,000 sf. min. lot size), R-1B (10,000 sf. min. lot size), R-1AM (accessory units and individual mobile homes)

Flood Zone & Minimum Building Elevation

1992 Flood Insurance Rate Map: X 2013 Digital Flood Insurance Rate Map: X

Traffic Access

The site has frontage along Joe Louis Lane, where it terminates at its intersection with Bethlehem Street.

Utilities

The Parish GIS map shows drainage, water, and sewer facilities along Joe Louis Lane. Additional drainage facilities are also depicted along the Lee Lane side of the site and the Union Pacific Railroad.

Representatives with the Departments of Public Works, Wastewater, and Waterworks stated they have no objections to the rezoning.

APPLICABLE REGULATIONS

Appendix A. Section VI. - Zoning District Criteria and Regulations

[I.] R-1A. Single family residential detached conventional homes—Medium density.

Policy statement: This district is composed of areas containing one-family dwellings constructed on a permanent foundation, connected to public utilities and which meet the architectural standards of a permanent residence. The district regulations are designed to protect the residential character of the areas by prohibiting all commercial activities; to encourage a suitable neighborhood environment for family life by including among the permitted uses such facilities as schools and churches; and to preserve the openness of the areas by requiring certain minimum yard and area standards to be met.

- 1. Use Regulations:
 - a. A building or land shall be used only for the following purposes:
 - (1) Site-built single-family detached dwellings
 - (2) Accessory uses
 - (3) Private recreational uses
 - b. Special exception uses and structures include the following:
 - Parks, public libraries, fire stations, police or sheriff's stations or substations, and sewer pumping stations.
 - (2) Showing the operation of historic buildings and/or sites and their related activities, provided a certificate from the United States Department of Interior is furnished by the owner verifying that the building and/or site is on the National Register of Historic Places.
 - (3) Accessory uses to golf courses and country clubs limited to the following:
 - art studios
 - churches and religious institutions
 - · commercial recreation facilities
 - · commercial schools
 - personal service businesses, examples include but are not limited to beauty shops and barber shops, acupuncture, and massage services
 - professional offices, examples include but are not limited to doctors, dentists, engineers, architects, landscape architects, plan services, realtors, insurance
 - restaurants and cafeterias
 - c. Special permit uses and structures include the following:
 - (1) Child care centers.
 - (2) Public and private schools (except trade, business, and industrial).
 - (3) Golf courses (but not miniature courses or driving ranges), country clubs, and accessory commercial uses on such properties.
 - (4) Educational, religious and philanthropic institutions. These buildings must be set back from all yard lines a distance of at least one (1) foot for each foot of building height.
 - (5) Modular, panelized and precut homes, provided that they are placed on a permanent foundation.
 - (6) Reserved.
 - (7) Private commercial access roads, upon review by the Planning Commission and supporting resolution of the Council.
 - (8) Accessory dwelling units upon approval by the Planning Commission and supporting resolution of the Council.
 - (9) Garden Home Developments in accordance with Section VII Supplemental Regulations upon review and recommendation of the Planning Commission and supporting resolution of the St. Charles Parish Council.
- 2. Spatial Requirements:
 - a. Minimum lot size: Six thousand (6,000) square feet per family; minimum width—sixty (60) feet.
 - b. Minimum yard sizes:
 - (1) Front—Twenty (20) feet.
 - (2) Side—Five (5) feet.
 - (3) Rear—Twenty (20) feet.
 - (4) For lots with less than one hundred (100) feet depth, front setback and rear setback shall be twenty (20) percent of lot depth respectively with a minimum of ten (10) feet to the front lot line and five (5) feet to the rear lot line.
 - (5) Whenever property abuts a major drainage canal as defined by the Subdivision regulations the required setback for all structures shall be ten (10) feet measured from the inner boundary of such servitude or right-of-way, not withstanding any other more restrictive setbacks, this provision shall not apply to any lot of record created and existing prior to the effective date of Ordinance No. 99-12-8, December 15, 1999.
 - c. Accessory buildings:
 - (1) An accessory building may occupy no more than twenty-five (25) percent of the required rear yard.
 - (2) The accessory building shall not exceed two-story construction.
 - (3) Minimum setback of accessory buildings including overhangs, shall be three (3) feet.
 - (4) Nonresidential accessory buildings shall not be permitted.
 - d. Permitted encroachments:
 - (1) Overhangs projecting not more than twenty-four (24) inches, excluding gutter. For accessory buildings, overhangs shall not be closer than three (3) feet to any property line.
 - (2) Stairs and landings not more than three (3) feet in height, projecting no more than four (4) feet into required front or rear yard.

- D. Rezoning guidelines and criteria: The proponent for a change should present reasonable factual proof that two or more of the following criteria are met:
 - 1. The proposed rezoning conforms to land development pattern established by the St. Charles Parish Comprehensive Plan Future Land Use Map and does not create a spot zone that is incompatible with the surrounding neighborhood.
 - 2. The Land-use pattern or character has changed to the extent that the existing zoning no longer allows reasonable use of the applicant's property, and that the proposed zoning does. In order to determine what is reasonable use of the property, the proponent for the zoning change should consider one or more of the following:
 - a. Consideration of uses on adjacent properties that would limit the use of the site under consideration.
 - Consideration of unique or unusual physical or environmental limitations due to size, shape, topography
 or related hazards or deficiencies.
 - c. Consideration of changes in land value, physical environment or economic aspects which can be shown to limit the usefulness of vacant land or buildings.
 - 3. Potential uses permitted by the proposed rezoning will not be incompatible with existing neighborhood character nor will they overburden public facilities and infrastructure.

The Planning Staff shall base rezoning analyses on these criteria but shall not be prohibited from factoring unique circumstances of the application into the analysis. The Planning and Zoning Commission may state in its recommendations to the Council: its concurrence with, or rejection of, any or all of the proponents' case for the suggested amendment, and/or its position relative to proponents' statements on the case. Planning Staff analyses and recommendations shall be forwarded to the Council along with the Commission's recommendations.

- E. Rezoning approval criteria: Before the Council votes to approve a rezoning, there should be reasonable factual proof by the applicant that:
 - 1. The proposed map amendment is in compliance, or is not in conflict, with the goals and recommendations of the St. Charles Parish Comprehensive Plan and Future Land Use Map, also
 - 2. The proposed map amendment does not negatively impact the health, safety, and welfare of the community.

REZONING GUIDELINE & CRITERIA EVALUATION

1. The proposed rezoning conforms to the land development pattern established by the St. Charles Parish Comprehensive Plan Future Land Use Map and does not create a spot zoning that is incompatible with the surrounding neighborhood.

The proposed zoning conforms to the Future Land Use Map designation of *Low-to-Moderate Residential*, which anticipates development of those residential uses typically permitted in the R-1A, R-1B and R-1A(M) zoning districts. The request is not a spot zone since it expands upon R-1A zoning adjacent to the Courthouse Lane side and rear and is done in furtherance of the Comprehensive Plan. **The request meets the first guideline.**

2. The Land-use pattern or character has changed to the extent that the existing zoning no longer allows reasonable use of the applicant's property and the proposed zoning does.

This particular area of Hahnville, situated between River Road and the Union Pacific Railroad and bounded downriver by Avalon Place and upriver by Highway 3160, had long been defined by a rural character. Development was focused primarily along River Road, while anything off River Road consisted of open, undeveloped tracts in agricultural use and homes along unimproved private drives. The earliest instance of a residential subdivision is Flaggville, located approximately 375 ft. upriver along Courthouse Lane and shown on a map dated to 1872.

Modern residential development was introduced starting in the late 1950s with development of Fashion Terrace from 1956 to 1965 (56 lots), followed by Homeplace Plantation Estates in 1979 (93 lots). In total, 149 residential lots would be created starting with the development of Avalon Place Phases 1 & 2 between 1997 and 2001 (70 lots) and Fashion Plantation Estates Phase 1 in 1999 (78 lots). Subdivision development resumed with River Place Estates Phase 1 in 2021, with the preliminary plat for Phase 2 approved in March of 2024.

Most recently the adjacent 50 acres of the former Fashion Golf Club site were rezoned from O-L to R-1A (2024-10-R; Ord. 27-7-9).

Site-built single-family homes can be permitted under the current O-L zoning, just at lower density. The proposed R-1A zoning would be more reasonable as it would allow for a continuation of the developing land-use pattern and character detailed above

while eliminating use types permitted under O-L zoning that could be detrimental to the growing residential development (manufactured homes, farming, animal husbandry, etc.). The request meets the second guideline.

3. Potential uses permitted by the proposed rezoning will not be incompatible with existing neighborhood character nor will they overburden public facilities and infrastructure.

The site-built single-family homes permitted in the proposed R-1A zoning is compatible with the surrounding character. Single-family homes are located across Joe Louis Lane along Bethlehem Street, and the Flaggville Subdivision is located approximately 375 ft. away along Courthouse Lane. And with the recent rezoning of the Fashion Golf Club site, significant single-family development could occur immediately adjacent to the subject site.

R-1A zoning would allow residential development at a higher density compared to O-L (6,000 sq. ft. lot minimum vs. 20,000 sq. ft. lot minimum), so impact to existing public facilities could be expected and must be addressed as part of any resulting development. **The request meets the third guideline.**

DEPARTMENT RECOMMENDATION

Approval, based on meeting all rezoning criteria.

This request will be forwarded with the Planning Commission's recommendation to the Parish Council for a second public hearing and final determination.