# DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY EASEMENT FOR FISHING JETTY LOCATED ON BONNET CARRE SPILLWAY PROJECT TRACT NO. 134, SECTION 39 TOWNSHIP 11 SOUTH, RANGE 8 EAST ST. CHARLES PARISH, LOUISIANA

THE SECRETARY OF THE ARMY, under and by virtue of the authority vested in the Secretary by Title 10 United States Code, Section 2668, having found that the granting of this easement will not be against the public interest, hereby grants to, St. Charles Parish Council hereinafter referred to as the grantee, an easement to have and maintain a fishing jetty, along the Bonnet Carre Spillway, St. Charles Parish, Louisiana, hereinafter referred to as the facilities, over, across, in and upon lands of the United States as identified in Exhibit A, hereinafter referred to as the premises, and which are attached hereto and made a part hereof.

THIS EASEMENT is granted subject to the following conditions.

# 1. TERM

This easement is granted for a term of 25 years, beginning December 1, 2009, and ending December 31 2034.

#### 2. CONSIDERATION

The consideration of this easement shall be the operation and maintenance of a fishing jetty for the benefit of the United States and the general public in accordance with the terms herein set forth.

# 3. NOTICES

All correspondence and notices to be given pursuant to this easement shall be addressed, if to the Grantee, to St. Charles Parish Council, P.O. Box 302, Hahnville, Louisiana 70057, and, if to the United States, to the District Engineer, Attention: Chief, Real Estate Division, P.O. Box 60267, New Orleans, Louisiana 70160-0267, or as may from time to time otherwise be directed by the parties. Notice shall be deemed to have been duly given if and when enclosed in a properly sealed envelope, or wrapper, addressed as aforesaid, and deposited postage prepaid in a post office regularly maintained by the United States Postal Service.

#### 4. AUTHORIZED REPRESENTATIVES

Except as otherwise specifically provided, any reference herein to "Secretary", "District Engineer", "Installation Commander", or "said officer" shall include their duly authorized representatives. Any reference to "grantee" shall include assignees, transferees and their duly authorized representatives.

#### 5. SUPERVISION BY THE DISTRICT ENGINEER

The construction, operation, maintenance, repair or replacement of said facilities, including culverts and other drainage facilities, shall be performed at no cost or expense to the United States and subject to the approval of the District Engineer, New Orleans District, hereinafter referred to as said officer. Upon the completion of any of the above activities, the Grantee shall immediately restore the premises to the satisfaction of said officer. The use and occupation of the premises for the purposes herein granted shall be subject to such rules and regulations as said officer prescribes in writing from time to time.

#### 6. APPLICABLE LAWS AND REGULATIONS

The grantee shall comply with all applicable Federal, state, county and municipal laws, ordinances and regulations wherein the premises are located.

#### 7. CONDITION OF PREMISES

The grantee acknowledges that it has inspected the premises, knows the condition, and understands that the same is granted without any representation or warranties whatsoever and without any obligation on the part of the United States.

#### 8. INSPECTION AND REPAIRS

The grantee shall inspect the facilities at reasonable intervals and immediately repair any defects found by such inspection or when required by said officer to repair any such defects.

#### 9. PROTECTION OF GOVERNMENT PROPERTY

The grantee shall be responsible for any damage that may be caused to the property of the United States by the activities of the grantee under this easement and shall exercise due diligence in the protection of all property located on the premises against fire or damage from any and all other causes. Any property of the United States damaged or destroyed by the grantee incident to the exercise of the privileges herein granted shall be promptly repaired or replaced by the grantee to a condition satisfactory to said officer, or at the election of said officer, reimbursement made therefor by the grantee in an amount necessary to restore or replace the property to a condition satisfactory to said officer.

# 10. RIGHT TO ENTER

The right is reserved to the United States, its officers, agents, and employees to enter upon the premises at any time and for any purpose necessary or convenient in connection with government purposes, to make inspections, to remove timber or other material, except property of the grantee, to flood the premises and/or to make any other use of the lands as may be necessary in connection with government purposes, and the grantee shall have no claim for damages on account thereof against the United States or any officer, agent, or employee thereof.

# 11. RIGHT TO CONNECT

The United States reserves the right to make such connections between the road or street herein authorized and roads and streets on other government lands as said officer may from time consider necessary, and also reserves to itself rights-of-way for all purposes across, over or under the right-of-way hereby granted; provided that such rights shall be used in a manner that will not create unnecessary interference with the use and enjoyment by the grantee of the right-of-way herein granted.

#### 12. OTHER AGENCY AGREEMENTS

It is understood that the provisions of the conditions on Supervision by the District Engineer, New Orleans District, and Right to Enter above shall not abrogate or interfere with any agreements or commitments made or entered into between the grantee and any other agency of the United States with regard to financial aid to the grantee in connection with the construction, maintenance, or repair of the facilities herein authorized.

#### 13. TERMINATION

This easement may be terminated by the Secretary upon 30 days written notice to the grantee if the Secretary shall determine that the right-of-way hereby granted interferes with the use or disposal of said land by the United States, or it may be revoked by the Secretary for failure of the grantee to comply with any or all of the conditions of this easement, or for non-use for a period of two (2) years, or for abandonment.

# 14. SOIL AND WATER CONSERVATION

The grantee shall maintain, in a manner satisfactory to said officer, all soil and water conservation structures that may be in existence upon said premises at the beginning of or that may be constructed by the grantee during the term of this easement, and the grantee shall take appropriate measures to prevent or control soil erosion within the right-of-way herein granted. Any soil erosion occurring outside the premises resulting from the activities of the grantee shall be corrected by the grantee as directed by said officer.

#### 15. ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION

- a. Within the limits of their respective legal powers, the parties hereto shall protect the premises against pollution of its air, ground, and water. The grantee shall promptly comply with any laws, regulations, conditions or instructions affecting the activity hereby authorized if and when issued by the Environmental Protection Agency, or any Federal, state, interstate or local governmental agency having jurisdiction to abate or prevent pollution. The disposal of any toxic or hazardous materials within the premises is strictly prohibited. Such regulations, conditions, or instructions in effect or prescribed by the said Environmental Protection Agency or any Federal, state, interstate or local governmental agency are hereby made a condition of this easement. The grantee shall not discharge waste or effluent from the premises in such a manner that the discharge will contaminate streams or other bodies of water or otherwise become a public nuisance.
- b. The use of any pesticides or herbicides within the premises shall be in conformance with all applicable Federal, state and local laws and regulations. The grantee must obtain approval in writing from said officer before any pesticides or herbicides are applied to the premises.
- c. The grantee will use all reasonable means available to protect the environment and natural resources, and where damage nonetheless occurs arising from the grantee's activities, the grantee shall be liable to restore the damaged resources.

#### 16. ENVIRONMENTAL CONDITION OF PROPERTY

An Environmental Condition of Property (ECP) documenting the known history of the property with regard to the storage, release or disposal of hazardous substances thereon, is attached hereto and made a part hereof as Exhibit C. Upon expiration, revocation or termination of this easement, another ECP shall be prepared which will document the environmental condition of the property at that time. A comparison of the two assessments will assist the said officer in determining any environmental restoration requirements. Any such requirements will be completed by the grantee in accordance with the condition on **RESTORATION**.

#### 17. HISTORIC PRESERVATION

The grantee shall not remove or disturb, or cause or permit to be removed or disturbed, any historical, archeological, architectural or other cultural artifacts, relics, remains or objects of antiquity. In the event such items are discovered on the premises, the grantee shall immediately notify said officer and protect the site and material from further disturbance until said officer gives clearance to proceed.

# 18. NON-DISCRIMINATION

- a. The grantee shall not discriminate against any person or persons because of race, color age, sex, handicap, national origin or religion.
- b. The grantee, by acceptance of this easement, is receiving a type of Federal assistance and, therefore, hereby given assurance that it will comply with the provisions of Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964 as amended (42 U.S.C. § 2000d); the Age Discrimination Act of 1975 (42 U.S.C. § 6102); the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, as amended ((29 U.S.C. § 794); and all requirements imposed by or pursuant to the Directive of the Department of Defense (32 CFR Part 300) issued as Department of Defense Directive 5500.11 and 1020.1, and Army Regulation 600-7. This assurance shall be binding on the grantee, its agents, successors, transferees, and assignees.

#### 19. RESTORATION

On or before the expiration or termination of this easement, the grantee shall, without expense to the United States, and within such time as said officer may indicate, remove said facilities and restore the premises to the satisfaction of said officer. In the event the grantee shall fail to remove said facilities and restore the premises, the United States shall have the option to take over said facilities without compensation, or to remove said facilities and perform the restoration at the expense of the grantee, and the grantee shall have no claim for damages against the United States or its officers or agents for such action.

#### 20. DISCLAIMER

This instrument is effective only insofar as the rights of the United States in the premises are concerned, and the grantee shall obtain such permission as may be required on account of any other existing rights. It is understood that the granting of this easement does not eliminate the necessity of obtaining any Department of the Army permit which may be required pursuant to the provisions of Section 10 of the Rivers and Harbors Act of 3 March 1899 (30 Stat. 1151; 33 U.S.C. § 403), Section 404 of the Clean Water Act (33 U.S.C. § 1344) or any other permit or license which may be required by Federal, state or local laws in connection with use of the premises.

THIS EASEMENT is not subject to Title 10, United States Code, Section 2662, as amended.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF I have hereunto set my hand by authority/direction of the Secretary of the Army this 26 th day of September , 2011.

Witness

Sheila B. Mills

Printen Name

Witness

Printed Name

Linda C. LaBure

Chief, Real Estate Division U.S. Army Corps of Engineers

New Orleans District

APPROVED AS TO LEGAL SUFFICIENCY

CERIO DI MARCO ATTORNEY ADVISOR U.S. Army Engineer District New Orleans

THIS EASEMENT is also executed by the grantee this
ST. CHARLES PARISH COUNCIL
Ballara Jawb Lucker V.J. St. Pierre, Jr.
Barbara Jacob Tucker By: WHI
Printed Named
Witness The July The
Valarie Berthelot Printed Name
NOTARY PUBLIC (Sign)
NOTARY PUBLIC (Print)
STATE OF LOUISIANA
PARISH OF ST. CHARLES
MY COMMISSION EXPIRES: at death
NOTADVID OD DAD ACCNI NIIMDED 5 90 5

# **CERTIFICATE OF AUTHORITY**

					•	
I, <u>V.J.</u>	St. lierre, Jr.	, do herel	by certify that I am	the principa	l legal officer	of the St.
Charles	Parish	Council	(SCPC),	that	the	SCPC
is a legally c	onstituted public	body with full	authority and leg	gal capability	to adhere an	d comply
with the term	s and conditions	for Easement l	No. DACW29-2-1	0-176, and s	ubsequent am	endments
thereto, for a	fishing jetty, in c	connection with	the Bonnet Carre	Spillway Proj	ect, and that t	he person
who execute	d Easement No.	DACW29-2-1	0-176 on behalf	of the SCPC	has acted v	vithin his
statutory auth	ority.					
	•					
IN WITN	ESS WHEREO	F, I have made	e and executed the	his certificat	e of authorit	y on this
	y of <u>Septembor</u>	, 2011. S	igned:	uh		
			rintedname: V.	L.ST. P.	ELKE	_
Sworn to and subscribed be Notary Public This	of of forma	<u>L</u> 2011.				
•	(Print)	_				
State of Louis Parish of St. O						

Certificate of Authority & Acknowledgement 4/2004

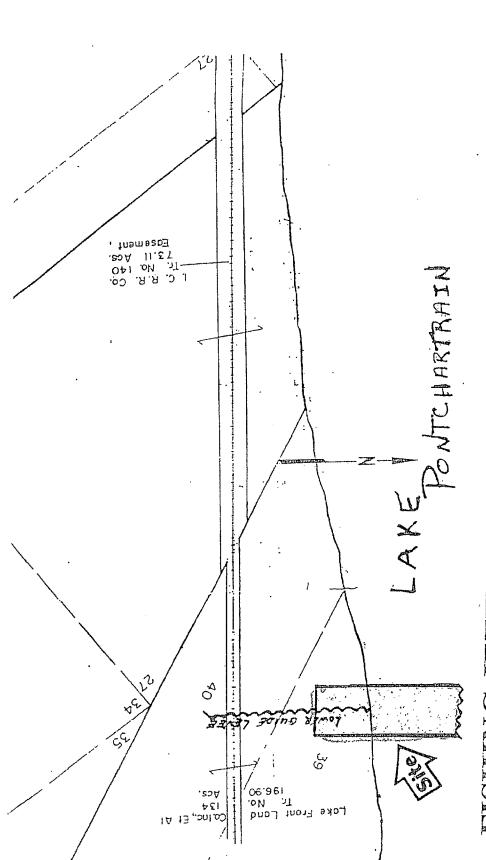
My Commission Expires: d dutt Notary I.D. or Bar Assn Number 3 88 25

# ACKNOWLEDGEMENT OF WITNESS FOR EASEMENT NO. DACW29-2-10-176

BEFORE ME, the undersigned authority, this day personally came and appeared the undersigned person, duly sworn, who did depose and state that she executed the foregoing easement agreement as subscribing witness thereto, and that the easement agreement was signed and executed by JANET R. CRUPPI, and that she knows JANET R. CRUPPI to be the identical person who executed the same and saw JANET R. CRUPPI sign her name in her capacity as Deputy Chief, Real Estate Division, CEMVN, on behalf of the United States, as the voluntary act and deed of the United States, and for the purposes and considerations therein expressed, in her presence and in the presence of the other subscribing witness.

Signed:	in B	miles	(Appearer)
Printed Name:	Shook	B. Mile	

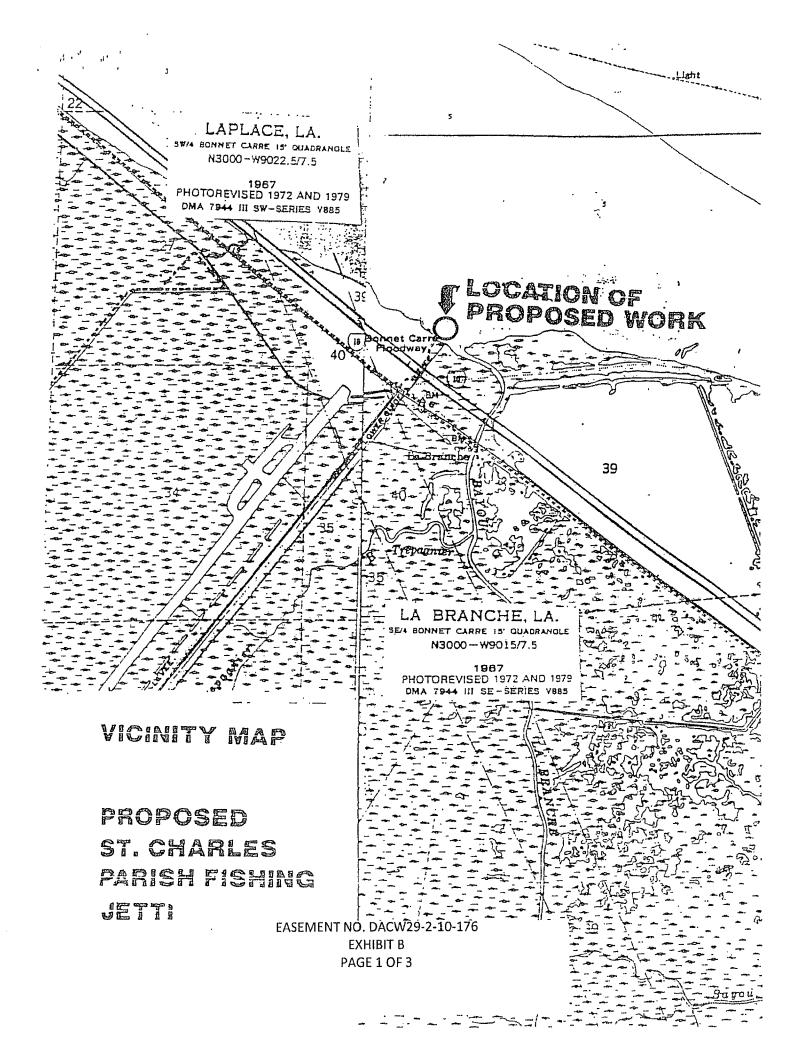
SWORN TO AND SUBSCRIBED BEFORE ME this 29 day of September 2011.

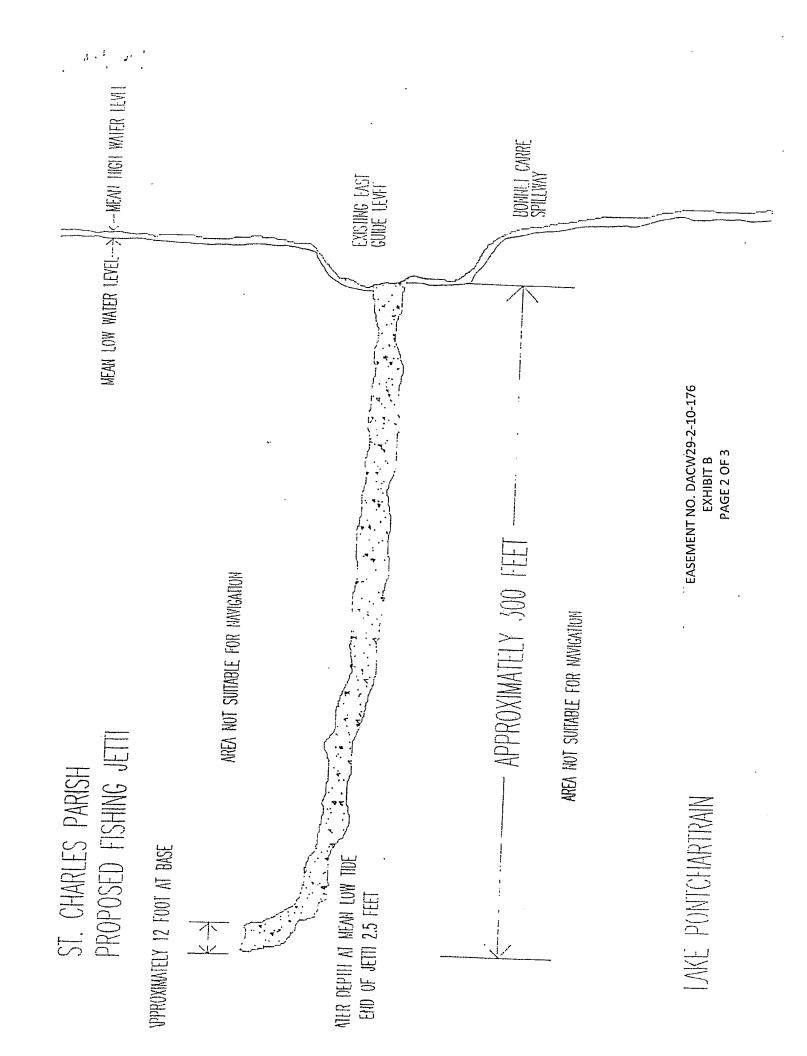


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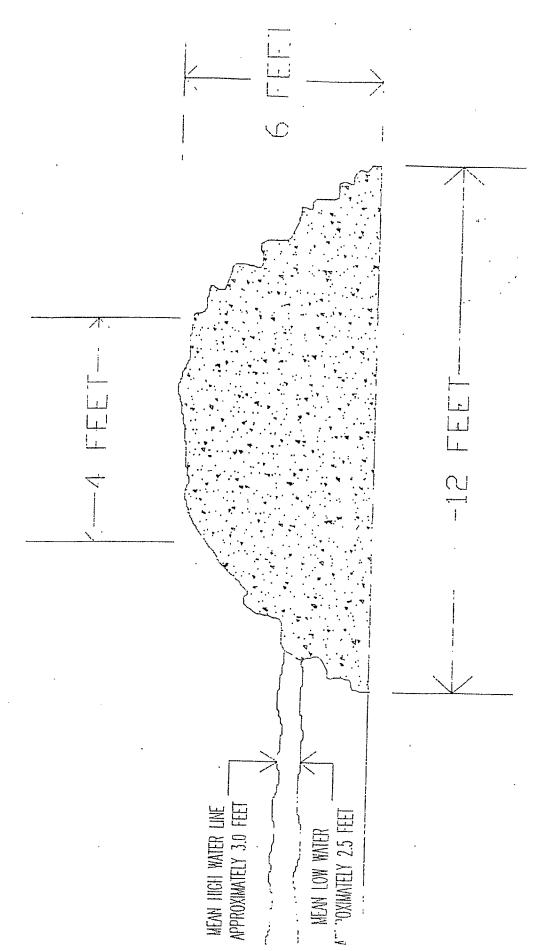
BONNET CARRE, SPILLWAY
SCALE: 1" = 10,000'
ST.CHARLES PARISH, LOUISIANA
BONNET CARRE SPILLWAY

TRACT NO. 134, SECTION 39
TOWNSHIP 11 SOUTH, RANGE 8 EAST
EASEMENT NO. DACW29-2-10-176





ST. CHARLES PARISH PROPOSED JETTI CROSS SECTION



EASEMENT NO. DACW29-2-10-176 EXHIBIT B PAGE 3 OF 3

#### **ENVIRONMENTAL CONDITION OF PROPERTY**

Proposed Easement No. DACW29-2-10-176 for St. Charles Parish Council within the Bonnet Carré Spillway Project, St. Charles Parish, Louisiana

#### INTRODUCTION

The U.S. Army Corps of Engineers (USACE), New Orleans District (MVN) has prepared this Environmental Condition of Property (ECP) to document existing environmental conditions on Government property within the Bonnet Carré Spillway Project, St. Charles Parish, Louisiana.

Proposed Easement No. DACW29-2-10-176 for St. Charles Parish Council is a renewal of Easement No. DACW29-2-00-01, which granted permission to install a fishing jetty within Bonnet Carre Spillway Project. The proposed easement grants permission for an additional 25-year term to use the right-of-way situated on Government-owned land, acquired as Tract No. 134, Section 29, Township 11 South, Range 8 East, in St. Charles Parish.

# NEED FOR ACTION; PURPOSE; AND PUBLIC CONCERNS

This ECP report is a comprehensive inventory and evaluation of existing site conditions for the assessment of potential health and ecological risks associated with a proposed real property transaction. The goal of this ECP is not only to prevent damage to publicly owned resources, but also to preserve the health and well being of members of the public that use the surrounding area.

#### DESCRIPTION OF WORK

Proposed Easement No. DACW29-2-10-176 for St. Charles Parish Council grants permission for an additional 25-year term to use the sight of an existing fishing jetty located within the Bonnet Carré Spillway Project (Figure 1).

EASEMENT NO. DACW29-2-10-176 EXHIBIT C PAGE 1 OF 11

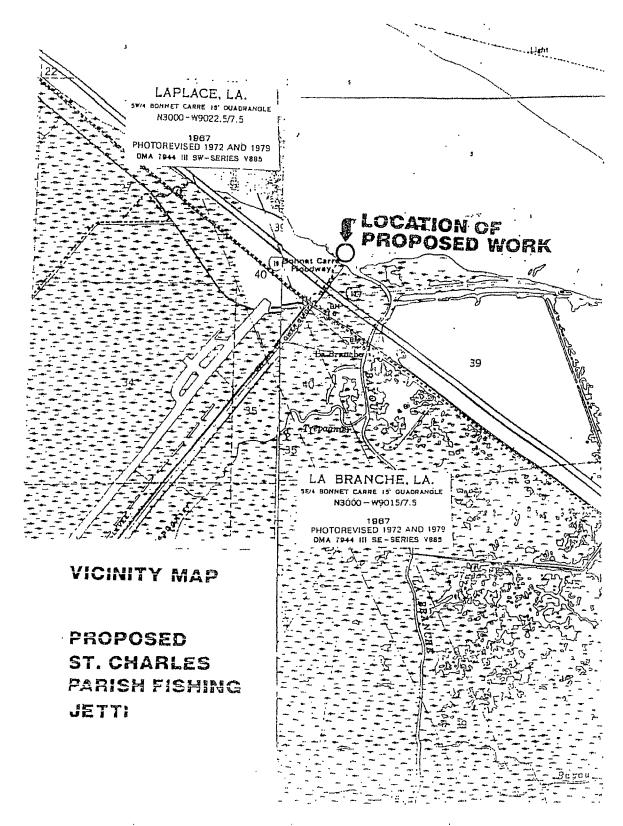


Figure 1. Easement Location within the Bonnet Carré Spillway Project, St. Charles Parish, Louisiana.

#### ENVIRONMENTAL SETTING

#### GENERAL SITE DESCRIPTION

The location of the proposed easement is on Government fee-owned lands within the Bonnet Carré Spillway Project.

#### Soils

The United States Department of Agriculture Natural Resources Conservation Service (2008) classifies various soils outside the Bonnet Carré Spillway along the Lower Guide Levee as Cancienne silty clay loam, frequently flooded; Schriever clay, frequently flooded; and Fausse clay, which are somewhat poorly drained, poorly drained, and very poorly drained, respectively. These three soils occur in natural levees and backswamps, and clayey alluvium is the parent material for Fausse clay. Both Fausse clay and Schriever clay, frequently flooded soils have a very slow infiltration rate (high runoff potential) when thoroughly wet. Cancienne silty clay loam, frequently flooded soil has a very slow rate of water transmission.

#### Land Use

In addition to providing flood relief for New Orleans and downstream communities along the Mississippi River, the Bonnet Carré Spillway project's nearly 8,000-acre floodway supports diverse natural resources benefiting fish and wildlife, and provides various opportunities for recreation. Each opening of the spillway deposits an average of 9 million cubic yards of sediment from the Mississippi River into the floodway. The most recent opening of the spillway occurred 11 April 2008. The deposits, consisting mostly of silts and sands, are used as fill material for residential and industrial developments. More than 250,000 visitors yearly take advantage of Bonnet Carré Spillway resources. Recreation activities include fishing, crawfishing, hunting, dog training, camping, wildlife viewing, boating, and picnicking. Areas are also designated for mountain biking, retriever dog field trials, model airplane flying competitions, and ATV and motorcycle riding. Additionally, St. Charles Parish maintains designated public recreational areas within the confines of the Spillway, including two boatlaunching sites, providing access to the spillway's various waterways and western Lake Pontchartrain. Unsanctioned activities do take place within the Spillway, including but not limited to trash dumping, timber harvesting, and additional recreation activities.

# Land Use History

Prehistoric human settlements in the vicinity of the Bonnet Carré Spillway are located near Lake Pontchartrain, with the earliest sites dating to the Tchefuncte culture (ca. 500 B.C.-A.D. 100). Many of these prehistoric sites have been deeply buried through post-depositional subsidence and deposition. Such buried sites were discovered in the course of dredging and construction activities. Historic settlement and agriculture were concentrated along the natural levees of the Mississippi River. Plantations were established along the east bank of the river in St. Charles Parish by 1770. Indigo, cotton, and sugar cane were the principal cash crops during the 18th and early 19th centuries, with sugar cane dominating from the late 19th through mid-20th centuries. Agricultural fields were located on the better-drained land near the river and rarely extended more than one-half mile away from the river. Forested swamps were left fallow except for timber extraction. The commercial timber industry flourished throughout St. Charles Parish from the 1890s to 1918, when cypress stands became severely depleted and the timber industry crashed.

Twentieth century industrial and residential development has supplanted agriculture in the areas flanking the spillway. Shortly after 1914, the New Orleans Refining Company (NORCO), an affiliate of Shell Oil, constructed a refinery and storage tank facility just downstream from the future site of the spillway. The residential community that grew up around the refinery took its name, Norco, from the company acronym. Shell Oil Company took over the Norco Facility in 1928 and opened a chemical plant nearby during the 1950s. Oil fields were discovered upstream and downstream from the spillway during both the 1930s and 1940s.

Construction of the Bonnet Carré Spillway was authorized by the Flood Control Act of 1928, in response to the disastrous flooding that occurred in 1927. The present site of the spillway is at the approximate location of the 19th century Bonnet Carré Crevasse; between 1849 and 1882, four major crevasses had occurred at this location. Since the Mississippi River had a natural tendency to break through at this location, it was a suitable place to locate the spillway. Before construction, there were a few farms located within the present floodway. Surveys and preliminary investigations for the Bonnet Carré Spillway Project were initiated in 1928. Construction began in 1929 and was completed in 1931. The guide levees were completed in 1932, and the highway and railroad crossings were completed in 1936.

#### ENVIRONMENTAL RESOURCES

Resources described in this ECP are those recognized by laws, executive orders, regulations, or other standards of national, state, or local agencies. A field investigation of the resources likely to be affected by the proposed easement was made by CEMVN personnel on 18 November 2010.

#### **VEGETATION**

#### **Existing Conditions**

The vegetation along the proposed pipeline right-of-way is mostly recent regrowth scrub/shrub.

#### Impacts

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The proposed easement is not likely to result in any adverse effects to vegetation.

#### WILDLIFE

#### **Existing Conditions**

The area provides some habitat for wildlife. Common inhabitants of grassy, weedy areas are soil-dwelling and surface-dwelling invertebrates, such as nematodes, annelids, arthropods, and snails, amphibians (frogs and toads), and reptiles (snakes, lizards, and turtles). Small mammals likely to inhabit uncultivated and ungrazed fields and grassy ditch banks include the swamp rabbit, hispid cotton rat, and marsh rice rat. Some insect species in ditches, such as mosquitoes, may function as vectors for the transmission of diseases and parasites harmful to other organisms, including humans.

Game mammals include gray squirrel, fox squirrel, swamp rabbit, raccoon, otter, mink, nutria, muskrat, opossum, and beaver; non-game species include the nine-banded armadillo and the southern flying squirrel. Many species of wading birds, shore birds, raptors, and songbirds are occasionally seen in the area.

#### Impacts

The proposed easement would not be expected to cause any significant changes that would adversely affect wildlife.

#### SURFACE WATER

# **Existing Conditions**

The Mississippi River and Lake Pontchartrain are the most important surface water sources in the vicinity of the proposed easement.

#### Impacts

The proposed easement would not be expected to adversely impact surface water.

#### **CULTURAL RESOURCES**

# **Existing Conditions**

Cultural resources inventories of project lands at Bonnet Carré Spillway took place between 1986 and 2003 (Poplin et al. 1988; Shuman et al. 1990; Orton et al. 2003; Yakubik et al. 1986). Six historic cultural resource sites have been identified within the spillway area, and three additional prehistoric sites have been identified immediately east of the Lower Guide Levee.

Two of the historic sites (16SC50, 16SC51) within the spillway are listed on the National Register of Historic Places as the Kenner and Kugler Cemeteries Archeological District. The district comprises two early nineteenth through early twentieth century African-American burial plots. The spillway itself, which is significant as an engineering landmark and for its historical association with flood control on the Lower Mississippi River, has been determined to be eligible for inclusion in the National Register. Site 16SC52 is the location of the former Roseland Plantation Sugar House. A brick scatter just south of the spillway structure has been designated site 16SC53, and another brick scatter near the Upper Guide Levee is known as site 16SC54.

The three prehistoric cultural resource sites (16SC10, 16SC11, and 16SC12) are located east of the Lower Guide Levee within one mile of the project area. All three sites are shell middens. The reported locations of the Bayou Trepagnier Site (16SC10) and the Bayou Labranche Site (16SC12) were visited during the investigations reported in Poplin et al. 1988, but the sites were not found. The Bayou Labranche Mouth site (16SC11) was visited during the investigations reported in Poplin et al. 1998, and more recently by a USACE archaeologist. This site appears to be eroding into the lake as reported in 1988.

#### **Impacts**

None of these cultural resource sites are located within the area of potential effects (APE), and no adverse impacts to cultural resources are expected as a result of this easement.

#### RECREATIONAL RESOURCES

#### **Existing Conditions**

Recreational resources affected by the placement of the pipeline mainly consist of two boat launch areas in the vicinity of the project. The St. Charles Parish boat launch ramp and parking area located between the I-10 spans offers two boat lanes. The parking area and the ramps could be impacted during the placement of the pipeline, depending on the exact alignment. The overflow parking located to the north of the I-10 spans could also be affected depending on the pipeline alignment.

The other boat ramp is located about 1/3 of a mile south of the St. Charles Parish boat launch along the Lower Guide Levee canal near Bayou Trepagnier. Access is via the levee road. This boat launch area is not paved and offers very little parking.

#### **Impacts**

Access to the boat launching ramps could be impacted by the placement of the pipeline, depending on the exact alignment. Recreational bank fishing in the lake near the project area could also be impacted during construction of the proposed action.

#### HAZARDOUS, TOXIC, AND RADIOACTIVE WASTE

# **Existing Conditions**

Personnel from CEMVN (Lahare and Hill) made a site visit to Bonnet Carré Spillway on 18 November 2010. The field investigation did not reveal any evidence of HTRW contamination, such as distressed vegetation, stained soil, sheens on the water, sick or dead animals, discarded chemical containers, or evidence of pesticide use. No sites containing hazardous, toxic, or radioactive waste (HTRW) have been discovered within the immediate area, nor have any incidents of the release, storage, or disposal of hazardous substances been documented. A search of available records in various offices of CEMVN revealed no evidence indicating that hazardous substances had been stored, released, or disposed of on this property.

#### Impacts

The proposed easement is not likely to result in any HTRW contamination.

#### POTENTIAL ENVIRONMENTAL CONCERNS

# **Existing Conditions**

The possibility of intentional dumping of hazardous or toxic materials on the project lands cannot be totally discounted, because dumping of household and commercial garbage is a major problem in the area. Illegal dumping of more dangerous wastes in the surrounding area could also be a problem. However, no evidence of dangerous spills or dumping has been discovered. Trash cans associated with the boat ramps maintained by St. Charles Parish are located within the project area.

Impacts

No present environmental impact damage was noted in accessible records. Impacts from the easement are likely to be insignificant.

#### SITE VISIT

The field investigation did not reveal any evidence of HTRW contamination, such as distressed vegetation, stained soil, sheens on the water, sick or dead animals, discarded chemical containers, or evidence of pesticide use. No sites containing hazardous, toxic, or radioactive waste (HTRW) have been discovered within the immediate area, nor have any incidents of the release, storage, or disposal of hazardous substances been documented. A search of available records in various offices of CEMVN revealed no evidence indicating that hazardous substances had been stored, released, or disposed of on this property.

# COMPLIANCE WITH ENVIRONMENTAL LAWS AND REGULATIONS

In the case of a real property transaction, where a categorical exclusion, as defined by Appendix A of AR 200-2 applies, the vehicle for environmental compliance is the Record of Environmental Consideration (REC). The REC provides NEPA compliance and is supported by the preparation of a Report of Availability (ROA) addressing other environmental laws, and by preparation of an EBS/PAS documenting compliance with the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation and Liability Act (CERCLA). Land use history of the project area shows that the spillway was constructed from 1929 to 1931. No information was found indicating HTRW concerns.

# **SUMMARY OF FINDINGS**

A review of existing environmental and cultural resources information for the Bonnet Carré Spillway Project in St. Charles Parish, Louisiana, indicates that no long-term adverse impacts to the environment or recreational resources would be expected as a result of this easement. No adverse impacts to cultural resources would be expected. There are no Superfund sites within two miles of the easement site, and the probability of encountering HTRW on this project is low. Minimal or no individual or cumulative environmental effects would occur as a result of the proposed action.

#### DOCUMENT PREPARATION

This environmental condition of property report was prepared by Mr. Mark Lahare (Environmental Protection Specialist) and Mr. Trent Stockton (Archaeologist) of the US Army Corps of Engineers, Regional Planning and Environmental Division South, New Orleans District. Environmental Branch.

#### REFERENCES

- Orton, Sara, Benjamin D. Maygarden, and Jill-Karen Yakubik

  2003 Background Research on the Kenner and Kugler Cemeteries, St. Charles Parish,

  Louisiana. Submitted by Earth Search, Inc. to U.S. Army Corps of Engineers, New
  Orleans District.
- Poplin, Eric C., Paul C. Armstrong, Carol J. Poplin, R. Christopher Goodwin

  1988 Phase 2 of the Cultural Resources Inventory of the Bonnet Carré Spillway, St.

  Charles Parish, Louisiana. Submitted by R. Christopher Goodwin and Associates to
  U.S. Army Corps of Engineers, New Orleans District.
- Shuman, Malcolm K., Herschel A. Franks, Emory Kemp, Jill-Karen Yakubik
  1990 Evaluation of the National Register Eligibility of the Bonnet Carré Spillway
  Structure, St. Charles Parish, Louisiana. Submitted by Louisiana State University to
  U.S. Army Corps of Engineers, New Orleans District.

Soil Survey Staff, Natural Resources Conservation Service, United States Department of Agriculture. Web Soil Survey of St. Charles Parish, Louisiana. Available online at http://websoilsurvey.nrcs.usda.gov/ accessed 08/14/2008.

Yakubik, Jill-Karen, Herschel A. Franks, R. Christopher Goodwin, and Carol J. Poplin
1986 Cultural Resources Inventory of the Bonnet Carré Spillway, St. Charles Parish,
Louisiana. Submitted by R. Christopher Goodwin and Associates to U.S. Army Corps of
Engineers, New Orleans District.

PRELIMINARY ASSESSMENT SCREENING CERTIFICATION OF RECORDS SEARCH				
A. [ ] Construction Division E. [ ] Planning Division	sion			
B. [ X] Engineering Division F. [ ] Safety, Security & Occ	cupational Health Office			
C. [ ] Logistics Management Office G. [ ] Other				
D. [ ] Operations Division				
1. Location:				
a. Project Name: Proposed Easement No. DACW29-2-10-176 for St. Cha	arles Parish Council			
b. Tract No.: Tract No. 134, Section 29, Township 11 South, Range 8 East	st, St. Charles Parish			
c. Brief Description: Easement renewal for access to fishing jetty	·			
2. Records Search:				
[				
[ ] A Comprehensive search of all Division/Office records was conduct The records search included a review of the following documents				
3. Summary of Findings:				
Based on a review of the records identified above, there is no evid substances were stored, released, or disposed of on this property	ence indicating hazardous			
Based on a review of the records identified above, there is evidence been/may been stored, released, or disposed of on this property. is/are attached.				
4. Signature and Approval:	·			
(Person reviewing records) POBER 3 20 CKS	// <i>-/6-/a</i>			
Shu A. Filar	//////O			
WALTER BAUMS	, ,			

LMN Form 405-1-R-E Feb 97 (Proponenet: CELMN-RE)

	PRELIMINARY ASSESSMENT SCREENING CERTIFICATION OF RECORDS SEARCH				
A.	[	]	Construction Division E. [ ] Planning Division	n	
В.	I	]	Engineering Division F. [ , ] Safety, Security & Occu	pational Health Office	
C.	[	J	Logistics Management Office G. [ ] Other	,	
D.	[	]	Operations Division		
1.	Locat	tic	on:		
		э.	Project Name: Proposed Easement No. DACW29-2-10-176 for St. Char	es Parish Council	
	Ł	э.	Tract No.: Tract No. 134, Section 29, Township 11 South, Range 8 East,	St. Charles Parish	
		Э.	Brief Description: Easement renewal for access to fishing jetty		
2.	Reco	rd	Is Search:		
	[		There are no Division/Office records applicable to this action.		
	`[		A Comprehensive search of all Division/Office records was conducte     The records search included a review of the following documents:	d on	
			·		
3.	Sumn	na	ary of Findings:		
			·		
	I		] Based on a review of the records identified above, there is no evidence substances were stored, released, or disposed of on this property.	ce indicating hazardous	
	ſ		] Based on a review of the records identified above, there is evidence to been/may been stored, released, or disposed of on this property. A is/are attached.		
4. \$	Signat	tui	re and Approval:		
	(F	( e	rson reviewing records) (Da	10/5/10 te)	
	(P	eı	rson approving records review) (Da	te)	

LMN Form 405-1-R-E Feb 97 (Proponenet: CELMN-RE)

# STATEMENT OF FINDINGS FOR RENEWAL OF EASEMENT NO. DACW29-2-00-01 (NEW EASEMENT NO. DACW29-2-10-176)

In accordance with ER 405-1-12, the environmental requirements for any real estate outgrant include compliance with the National Environmental Policy Act (NEPA), other environmental laws not subsumed in NEPA, and the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act (CERCLA).

In the case of a real property transaction, where a categorical exclusion, as defined by Appendix A of AR 200-2 applies, the vehicle for environmental compliance is the Record of Environmental Consideration (REC). The REC provides NEPA compliance and is supported by the preparation of a Report of Availability (ROA) addressing other environmental laws with EBS/PAS documenting complete internal agency records search of the known history of the property with regard to the storage, release or disposal of any hazardous substances in compliance with the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation and Liability Act (CERCLA).

A database search was conducted for records of HTRW within and adjacent to the proposed project area, including contaminants, spills, and National Priority List (Superfund) sites. The conclusion of this environmental review is that there are no specific or unusual environmental concerns. There is no evidence indicating hazardous substances were stored, released or disposed of on this property. We have no objections or adverse comments to the proposed outgrant.

Michael L. Swanda, Chief

Natural and Cultural Resources Section

*(*2) *(*4)

Richard E. Boe, Chief

Coastal Environmental Compliance Section

Date

Ion M Expicios Chief

Environmental Planning Branch

Date

PRELIMINARY ASSESSMENT SCREEN CERTIFICATION OF RECORDS SEARC	1
A. [ ] Construction Division E. [ ] Planning Divisi	
B. [ ] Engineering Division F. [ /] Safety, Security & Occu	pational Health Office
C. [ ] Logistics Management Office G. [ ] Other	
D. [ ] Operations Division	
1. Location:	
a. Project Name: Proposed Easement No. DACW29-2-10-176 for St. Char	es Parish Council
b. Tract No.: Tract No. 134, Section 29, Township 11 South, Range 8 East	St. Charles Parish
c. Brief Description: Easement renewal for access to fishing jetty	
2. Records Search:	
[ /] There are no Division/Office records applicable to this action.	
<ul> <li>A Comprehensive search of all Division/Office records was conducted.</li> <li>The records search included a review of the following documents:</li> </ul>	ed on
	·
3. Summary of Findings:	
[ ] Based on a review of the records identified above, there is no eviden substances were stored, released, or disposed of on this property.	ce indicating hazardous
[ ] Based on a review of the records identified above, there is evidence been/may been stored, released, or disposed of on this property. A is/are attached.	that hazardous substances have copy of the pertinent record(s)
(Person reviewing records) (Da	1/2/10 te)
(Person approving records review) (Da	te)

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Michael L. Swanda, Chief

Natural and Cultural Resources Section

Richard E. Boe, Chief

Coastal Environmental Compliance Section

Joan M. Exnicios, Chief

Environmental Planning Branch

9/3/2011

Date

37-6-11

Date

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Date

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