St. Charles Parish Department of Planning & Zoning

LAND USE REPORT CASE NUMBER: PZR-2017-11

GENERAL APPLICATION INFORMATION

 Name/Address of Applicant Caryl Keller Spurgeon 130 Nicholas St Hahnville, LA 70057 504.416.3119 Application Date: 6/9/17

- Location of Site
 Lot 2 of Nicholas Street, approximately 258 feet from River Road, Hahnville.
- Requested Action Change of zoning district from R-1A to R-1AM.

 SITE – SPECIFIC INFORMATION
 Size of Parcel 100 feet of frontage on Nicholas Street; size of lot approximately 14,500 square feet.

• **Current Zoning and Land Use** R-1A. A residential structure is situated on the lot. Per applicant, to be removed.

Surrounding Zoning and Land Uses

R-1AM zoning and land uses abut both side lot lines and lot directly across street. R-1A zoning and land uses to rear and to the southeast side of lot.

Plan 2030 Recommendation

Low Density Residential. (from 4 up to 8 dwellings per gross acre). This category includes the Parish's predominantly single family detached subdivisions, including those developed consistent with the R-1A (6,000 sq. ft. minimum lot size) and R-1B (10,000 sq. ft. minimum lot size) zoning districts. It also allows accessory units and individual mobile homes on small platted lots zoned R-1AM. Neighborhood-serving uses such as neighborhood parks, churches and servitudes may also be included in this land use category.

Traffic Access

Nicholas Street, a local street that connects to River Road.

APPLICABLE REGULATIONS

Appendix A., Zoning Ordinance, Section XV Amendment Procedure:

D. Rezoning Guidelines and Criteria: Before the Commission makes a recommendation or the Council rezones property; there should be reasonable factual proof by the proponent of a change that one or more of the following criteria are met:

- 1. The proposed rezoning conforms to land development pattern established by the St. Charles Parish Comprehensive Plan Future Land Use Map and does not create a spot zoning that is incompatible with the surrounding neighborhood.
- 2. The Land-use pattern or character has changed to the extent that the existing zoning no longer allows reasonable use of the applicant's property. One or more of following examples may be used in evaluating reasonableness:
 - a. Consideration of uses on adjacent properties that would limit the use of the site under consideration.
 - b. Consideration of unique or unusual physical or environmental limitations due to size, shape, topography or related hazards or deficiencies.
 - c. Consideration of changes in land value, physical environment or economic aspects which can be shown to limit the usefulness of vacant land or buildings.
- 3. Potential uses permitted by the proposed rezoning will not be incompatible with existing neighborhood character nor will they overburden public facilities and infrastructure.

The Planning Staff shall base rezoning analyses on these criteria but shall not be prohibited from factoring unique circumstances of the application into the analysis. The Planning and Zoning Commission may state in its recommendations to the Council: its concurrence with, or rejection of, any or all of the proponents' case for the suggested amendment, and/or its position relative to proponents' statements on the case. Planning Staff analyses and recommendations shall be forwarded to the Council along with the Commission's recommendations.

AND

[II.] R-1A(M). Single Family Residential Detached Conventional Homes, Manufactured Homes, and Mobile Homes—Medium density.

- 1. Use Regulations:
 - a. A building or land shall be used only for the following purposes:
 - (1) Site-built, single-family detached dwellings.
 - (2) Manufactured homes.
 - (3) Mobile homes.
 - (4) Accessory uses.
 - (5) Private recreational uses.
 - (6) Farming on lots of three (3) acres or more and at least one hundred fifty (150) feet frontage.
 - b. Special exception uses and structures include the following:
 - (1) Additional residences for family and relatives on unsubdivided property on a nonrental basis, and which meet the criteria outlined in Special Provisions [subsection 3].
 - (2) Parks, public libraries, fire stations, police or sheriff's stations or substations, and sewer pumping stations.
 - (3) Showing and operation of historic buildings and/or sites and their related activities, provided a certificate from the United States Department of Interior is furnished by the owner verifying that the building and/or site is on the National Register of Historic Places.
 - c. Special permit uses and structures include the following:
 - (1) Child care centers.
 - (2) Public and private schools (except trade, business and industrial).
 - (3) Golf courses (but not miniature courses or driving ranges) and country clubs with a site of at least five (5) acres and with all parking at least fifty (50) feet from rear and side property lines.
 - (4) Educational, religious and philanthropic institutions. These buildings must be set back from all property lines a distance of at least one (1) foot for each foot of building height.
 - (5) Private commercial access roads, upon review by the Planning Commission and supporting resolution of the Council.
 - (6) Accessory Dwelling Units upon approval by the Planning Commission and supporting resolution of the Council.
- 2. Spatial Requirements.
 - a. Minimum lot size: five thousand (5,000) square feet per family; minimum width-fifty (50) feet.
 - b. Minimum yard sizes:
 - (1) Front—fifteen (15) feet.
 - (2) Side—five (5) feet.
 - (3) Rear—five (5) feet.
 - (4) For lots with less than one hundred (100) feet depth, front setback shall be fifteen (15) percent of lot depth with a minimum of ten (10) feet to the front lot line and five (5) feet to the rear lot line.
 - (5) Whenever property abuts a major drainage canal as defined by the Subdivision regulations the required setback for all structures shall be ten (10) feet measured from the inner boundary of such servitude or right-of-way, not withstanding any other more restrictive setbacks, this provision shall not apply to any lot of record created and existing prior to the effective date of Ordinance No. 99-12-8, December 15, 1999.
 - c. Accessory buildings:
 - (1) The accessory building shall not exceed two-story construction.
 - (2) Minimum setback of accessory buildings shall be three (3) feet.
 - (3) Nonresidential accessory buildings shall not be permitted.
 - d. Permitted encroachments:
 - (1) Overhangs projecting not more than twenty-four (24) inches, excluding gutter.
 - (2) Stairs and landings not more than three (3) feet in height, projecting no more than four (4) feet into required front yard.
- 3. Special Provisions:
 - a. Additional dwellings on unsubdivided property:

- (1) Additional dwellings on unsubdivided property referred to in 1.b(1) above will be permitted at the rate of one (1) dwelling unit for each seven thousand (7,000) square feet of lot area.
- (2) The applicant for any additional dwellings on unsubdivided property shall submit a copy of all subdivision restrictions (covenants) which govern the property in order to protect the integrity of the neighborhood.
- (3) Under no circumstances will the total number of dwellings per unsubdivided lot permitted under these provisions exceed four (4).
- (4) Permits issued under this provision will be issued for a two-year period. At the expiration of this time, an investigation will be conducted by the Planning and Zoning Department to determine if this Code is complied with. Non-compliance will result in the revocation of the permit.
- b. All manufactured housing and mobile homes shall be secured according to the Federal Emergency Management Agency's Sept. 1985 publication Manufactured Home Installation in Flood Hazard Areas.
- c. Skirting or foundation plantings as approved by the Zoning and Regulatory Administrator in accordance with the manufacturer's installation instructions to ensure aesthetic compatibility with the residential character of the neighborhood. The entire underfloor of the home shall be completely enclosed, except for the required openings.
- d. All dwelling units shall be connected to utility systems which provide for health and safety under all conditions of normal use. Home utility services shall only be connected to the supply source by means of approved materials, and shall be inspected by the appropriate agency.

ANALYSIS

The applicants are requesting rezoning one lot from R-1A to R-1AM in order to permit a mobile home. Currently a single family residential structure occupies the site that the one applicant has stated will be removed. The lot has 100 feet of frontage, exceeding the 50-foot wide minimum. At approximately 14,500 square feet, the lot exceeds the required width and area for an R-1AM lot. If rezoned to R-1AM, no more than two residential structures can be permitted on the lot.

The St. Charles Parish Zoning Ordinance establishes three guidelines for evaluating rezoning requests. In order to receive a recommendation for approval, an applicant must demonstrate that the request meets at least one of the three guidelines.

The first guideline states that a rezoning request must conform to the parish's Future Land Use Map (FLUM) and not create a spot zone which is incompatible with the surrounding neighborhood. The Future Land Use designation for the property is Low-Density Residential. The Comprehensive Land Use Plan lists R-1A and R-1AM zoning districts as compatible for this future land use category. The lot across Nicholas Street, and the lots abutting each side, which are also owned by the applicants were rezoned to R-1AM during the 1980's and 1990's (Ord 87-3-1, 87-9-16, 91-11-7, 95-6-8, 95-12-5). The primary land uses are the same as those on the applicant site; neither a spot zone nor a land use incompatibility will result. **The request meets the first guideline.**

The second guideline states that a rezoning should be considered if the land use pattern or neighborhood character has changed to the point where the existing zoning no longer allows reasonable use of the subject property. The site is currently zoned R-1A and developed with a single-family residential use. Current zoning does not prohibit reasonable the use of the property. **The request does not meet the second guideline.**

The third guideline states that a rezoning request may be considered if the uses permitted by the proposed zoning are not incompatible with existing neighborhood character and will not overburden existing public infrastructure. As stated above, the area immediately surrounding the site is in single-family use with a mix of mobile homes and site-built structures. Representatives of Waterworks and of Public Works for Drainage and Wastewater indicate that the development of up to two additional dwellings would not overburden utilities. Nicholas Street can also accommodate the trips estimated to be generated from the addition of one or two residential units (up to 20 trips to/from the site daily). **The request meets the third guideline.**

DEPARTMENT RECOMMENDATIONS Approval, based on meeting the first and third guidelines.